

#### 4. úkol

Určete definiční obor funkce  $f(x) = \frac{1-x^3+lnx}{x^3-x^2}$

a vypočítejte všechny limity v krajních bodech def. oboru.

podmínky:  $x^3 - x^2 \neq 0 \quad \wedge \quad x > 0$

$$x^2(x-1) \neq 0$$

$$x \neq 0 \wedge x \neq 1$$

$$D_f = (0,1) \cup (1,\infty)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1-x^3+lnx}{x^2(x-1)} = \frac{1-0-\infty}{0^+ \cdot (-1)} = \frac{-\infty}{0^-} = \underline{\underline{+\infty}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1-x^3+lnx}{x^3-x^2} \stackrel{\text{L.P.}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{-3x^2 + \frac{1}{x}}{3x^2-2x} = \frac{-3+1}{3-2} = \underline{\underline{-2}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1-x^3+lnx}{x^3-x^2} \stackrel{\text{L.P.}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{-3x^2 + \frac{1}{x}}{3x^2-2x} \stackrel{\text{L.P.}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{-6x - \frac{1}{x^2}}{6x-2} \stackrel{\text{L.P.}}{=} \frac{-\infty}{\infty} \stackrel{\text{L'Hôpital}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{-6 - \frac{2}{x^3}}{6} = \frac{-6+0}{6} = \underline{\underline{-1}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{-6 + \frac{2}{x^3}}{6} = \frac{-6+0}{6} = \underline{\underline{-1}}$$

