

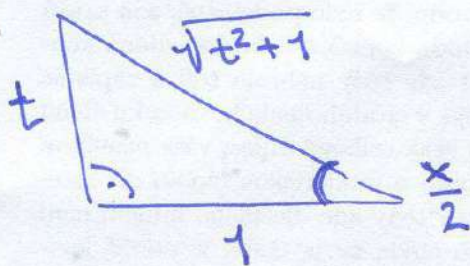
$$\int \frac{2}{\sin x + \cos x + 1} dx = \int \frac{2}{\frac{2t}{t^2+1} + \frac{1-t^2}{t^2+1} + 1} \cdot \frac{2}{t^2+1} dt$$

substitute: $\left| t = \tan \frac{x}{2} \right|$

$$\arctan t = \frac{x}{2}$$

$$2 \arctan t = x$$

$$\left| \frac{2}{t^2+1} dt = dx \right|$$



$$\sin \frac{x}{2} = \frac{t}{\sqrt{t^2+1}}$$

$$\cos \frac{x}{2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{t^2+1}}$$

$$\sin x = \sin\left(2 \frac{x}{2}\right) = 2 \sin \frac{x}{2} \cos \frac{x}{2} = \frac{2t}{t^2+1}$$

$$\cos x = \cos\left(2 \frac{x}{2}\right) = \cos^2 \frac{x}{2} - \sin^2 \frac{x}{2} = \frac{1-t^2}{t^2+1}$$

$$= 4 \cdot \int \frac{1}{2t+1-t^2+t^2+1} dt = 4 \cdot \int \frac{1}{2+2t} dt$$

$$= 2 \cdot \int \frac{1}{1+t} dt = \underline{\underline{2 \ln \left| 1 + \tan \frac{x}{2} \right| + C}}$$